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**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT  
MIDDLE SECTION  
FIRST TERM EXAMINATION 2018-19**



**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

Code: MWSS03

CLASS: V

Expected answers

Time Allotted: 2 ½ Hrs.

16.09.2018

Max .Marks: 80

**General Instructions:**

1. The question paper comprises of **two Sections, A and B**. You have to attempt both the sections.
2. **All** questions are **compulsory**.
3. **All answers should be written in the answer sheet provided neatly.**
4. Map to be **attached** with the answer sheet.

**SECTION A (OBJECTIVE)**

- | Qns   | Marks        |
|---|--------------|
| 1. <b><u>NAME THE FOLLOWING WITH APPROPRIATE ANSWERS:</u></b>   | <b>1×5=5</b> |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The first European, who visited Greenland <b><u>Eric, the Red.</u></b></li> <li>b. An insect, which causes dreaded sleeping sickness <b><u>Tsetse fly.</u></b></li> <li>c. The zone that lies near the equator <b><u>Torrid Zone.</u></b></li> <li>d. The largest Oasis in Saudi Arabia <b><u>Al Hasa.</u></b></li> <li>e. It divides the earth into Northern and Southern hemisphere <b><u>Equator.</u></b></li> </ol>                                   |              |
| 2. <b><u>FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH APPROPRIATE ANSWER:</u></b>  | <b>1×5=5</b> |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The <b><u>frigid</u></b> zones are very cold and are covered with snow throughout the year.</li> <li>b. Presence of large quantities of <b><u>humus</u></b> makes the grasslands very fertile.</li> <li>c. Saudi Arabia is a large country situated in the <b><u>Arabian</u></b> Peninsula.</li> <li>d. <b><u>Nuuk</u></b> is the capital of Greenland.</li> <li>e. The two end-points of the axis of rotation are called <b><u>poles.</u></b></li> </ol> |              |
| 3. <b><u>STATE WHETHER THE STATEMENTS ARE TRUE OR FALSE:</u></b>  | <b>1×5=5</b> |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The city of Chicago is an important centre for slaughtering animals – <b><u>True.</u></b></li> <li>b. The capital of Saudi Arabia is Jeddah – <b><u>False (Riyadh).</u></b></li> <li>c. Jackets with hoods lined with fur are called Abaya – <b><u>False (Parkas).</u></b></li> </ol>   |              |

- d. Temperate zones have a mild climate - **True**.  
 e. Democratic Republic of Congo is a country located in Asian Continent – **False (African)**.




4. **CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER FROM THE OPTIONS:**

1×5=5

- a. The grasslands of South America:  
 1) Prairies, 2) **Pampas**, 3) Steppes.
- b. The longest latitude is:  
 1) **Equator**, 2) Tropic of Cancer, 3) Tropic of Capricorn.
- c. DRC has the largest deposit of:  
 1) Silver, 2) Copper, 3) **Cobalt**.
- d. The largest island in the world:  
 1) Saudi Arabia, 2) **Greenland**, 3) Democratic Republic of Congo.
- e. The animal which once roamed freely in the Prairies:  
 1) Goat, 2) Sheep, 3) **Bison**.

5. **IDENTIFY THE PERSONALITIES AND ANSWER THE FOLLOWING:**

1×3=3

 <p>a) The Italian Scientist, who is recognized as the inventor of Radio: <b><u>Guglielmo Marconi</u></b>.</p>	 <p>b) The inventor of Printing : <b><u>Johann Gutenberg</u></b>.</p>	 <p>c) The inventor of Television: <b><u>John Logie Baird</u></b>.</p>
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6. **FILL THE COLOURS USED TO MARK THE FOLLOWING ON THE MAP OR WRITE THE NAME OF COLOURS:**

1×3=3

<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 10px;"><b>BLUE</b></div> <p>a) River:</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 10px;"><b>GREEN</b></div> <p>b) Plain:</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 10px;"><b>BROWN</b></div> <p>c) Mountain:</p>
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7. **ON THE GIVEN OUTLINE MAP OF DRC, MARK AND LABEL THE FOLLOWING:** **1×2=2**
- a) The Imaginary line passing through DRC – **Equator.**
  - b) The Longest river of DRC – **River Congo.**
8. **ON THE GIVEN MAP OF SAUDI ARABIA, MARK AND LABEL THE FOLLOWING:** **1×2=2**
- a) Capital of Saudi Arabia – **Riyadh.**
  - b) The sea located in the west side of Saudi Arabia - **Red Sea.**

**SECTION B (SUBJECTIVE)**

9. **ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE POINT:** **1×14=14**
- a. Define Communication:-  
**Communication is the exchange of information or ideas between people.**
  - b. What are Ranches?  
**Ranches are large farms where cows, horses or sheep are kept.**
  - c. What is Fax?  
**Fax is a system of sending documents and pictures over telephones.**
  - d. What is Oasis?  
**Fertile area formed in the desert by underground water that comes to the surface.**
  - e. Why internet is called 'information super highway'?  
**The Internet is fast and efficient way of sending information around the world.**
  - f. What is a Globe?  
**A Globe is a small model of the earth.**
  - g. Write the four elements of the map?  
**The four elements are – directions, scale, colour and symbols.**
  - h. What is Eartha? (any one point)
    - **The largest globe in the world is called Eartha located in U.S.A.**
    - **It is a three dimensional scale model of earth shows mountains and other landforms.**
  - i. What is mass communication?  
**When an idea is communicated to many people at the same time, it is known as mass communication.**
  - j. What do you know about axis?  
**An imaginary line that runs through the North Pole and the South Pole, and around which the Earth spins.**
  - k. Why Prairies are called the 'wheat basket of the world'?  
**This region produces so much wheat and is the largest exporter of the**

**wheat.**

l. What is a political map?

**Maps showing boundaries of countries, states and the important cities.**

m. Define Climate?

**Climate is the average weather condition of a place over a long period of time.**

n. What is Savanna?

**Large flat area of grassland with scattered trees found in a warm part of the world.**

10. **ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN TWO POINTS:**

**2x5=10**

a. What are sand dunes? How do they shift from one place to another?

- **The desert is covered with small hills of sand called sand dunes.**
- **Strong winds and dust storms keep blowing and shifting these sand dunes from one place to another.**

b. What are icebergs? In what ways are they dangerous?

- **The floating masses of ice in the sea are called icebergs.**
- **Icebergs are much larger than they seem. Most of it remains underwater and pose great danger to ships in the sea.**

c. What do you know about Pygmies? **(ANY TWO POINTS)**

- **The pygmies are the most well-known inhabitants of the DRC. They are short in height. They get their food by hunting animals and gathering plant food.**
- **They live in camps, which they occupy for only a few weeks.**
- **Then, they move to a new place. They make huts out of branches and leaves.**
- **They enjoy singing, dancing and telling stories.**

d. Why does the equatorial region have a hot and wet climate?

- **The air over the equator is laden with water vapour, as the heat of the sun causes rapid evaporation of ocean waters.**
- **This causes heavy rain in the area causing hot and wet climate.**

e. Write the uses of Globe:-

- **It shows us the shape and location of the continents, oceans and seas on a smaller scale.**
- **It also shows the shape and location of countries and the location of important cities.**

11. **ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION IN THREE POINTS:**

**2x3=6**

a) Write a short note on the scale of a map: **(ANY THREE POINTS)**

- **The scale of a map is the ratio between distance shown on the map and the actual distance on the ground.**
- **To be able to do this accurately, maps are drawn to a scale.**
- **The scale of a map is often shown as a line with distances marked**

on it.

- The scale of '1 centimeter: 100 kilometers' is shown here in this way. This is called a linear scale.

OR

Why do we prefer to use maps instead of globes?

- This is because globes are difficult to carry around.
- All the parts of the earth's surface can be seen at the same time in maps.
- Maps can show detailed information.

b) What do you know about satellite communication?

- Since the Earth is round, sending radio and television signals around the world was a problem. Communication satellite solved this problem.
- These satellites are sent into outer space by rockets and then they revolve around the earth.
- Signals are sent up to the satellites, which transmit them back to Earth, covering a larger area in the process.

12. **ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN FOUR POINTS:**

5x4=20

A. Describe the climate of Prairies:

- The Prairies are located in the Temperate Zone.
- The winters are cold and summers are hot.
- Moderate rainfall occurs mostly in summer.
- There is occasional rainfall in winters.

B. Write a short note on the lifestyle of Bedouins:

- Traditionally, the people of Saudi Arabia were nomads, moving from place to place. They are called Bedouins.
- Their main occupation is rearing cattle.
- They move from place to place in search of pastures for their flocks of goats, sheep and camel.
- They live in tents made of animal skin. But the lifestyle of Bedouins is also changing now.

C. Mention the factors that affect the climate of an area:

- The distance from the equator.
- Height above the sea level.
- Distance from the sea.
- Winds and the amount of moisture in the air.

D. Explain the lifestyle of Eskimos:

- The Eskimos were the original inhabitants of Greenland.
- They are mainly hunters and live by fishing and hunting animals found in the region.
- They used sledges pulled by dogs for transport.
- They used to live in temporary houses made of blocks of ice called Igloos in winter and moved into leather tents in summer.

E. DRC is one of the 'wettest regions in the world'. Give reasons:-

- Being near the equator, the climate in most part of the DRC is very

**hot throughout the year.**

- **The evaporation of water due to the high temperature during the day makes the humidity very high.**
- **This causes clouds to build up by the afternoon and rain comes down at about 4 p.m.**
- **This happens almost every day, making the region one of the wettest in the world.**

**OR**

**Describe the tropical rainforests.**

- **Tropical rainforests are evergreen forests. The trees of the forests are covered with leaves throughout the year.**
- **There are large variety of trees and other plants. The trees are tall and form a canopy of leaves at the top.**
- **This prevents sunlight from passing through. Creepers, climbers and shrubs grow below.**
- **However, at several places the canopy is so thick that very few plants can grow under it.**